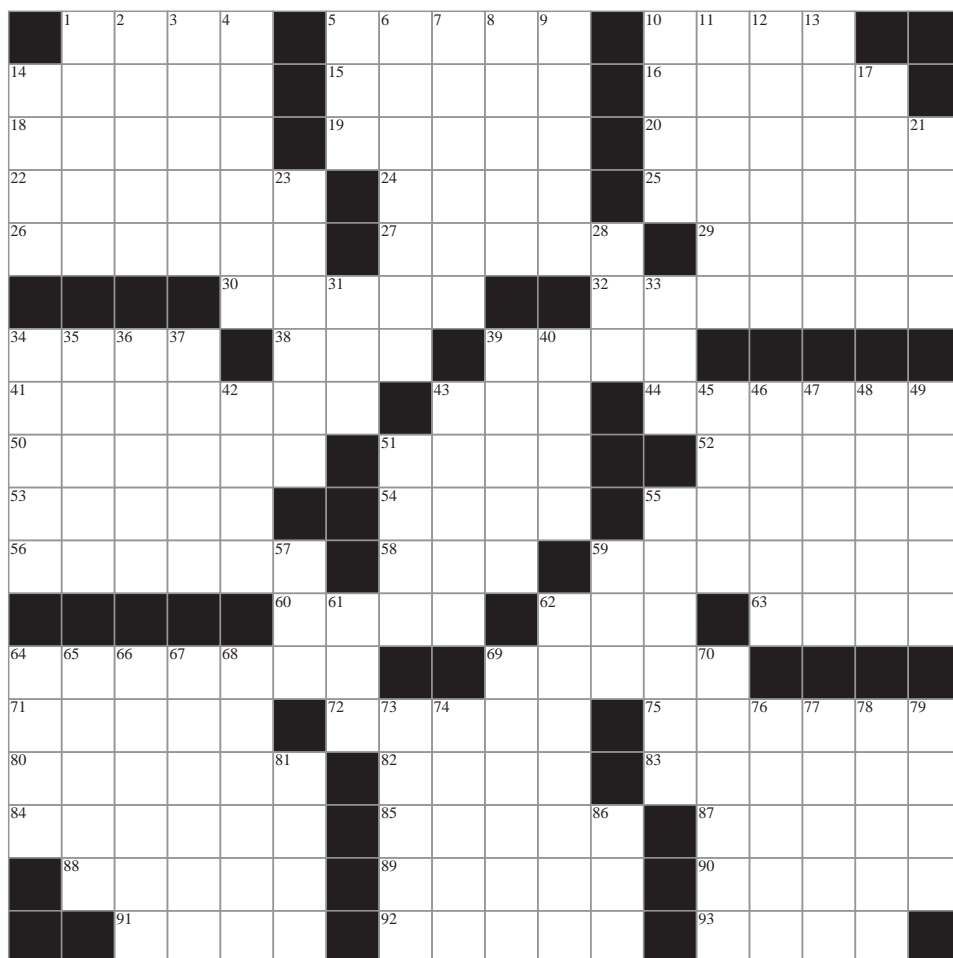


ACROSS

- 1: take the place of work of someone on strike
 5: wild ox of the Malay Archipelago
 10: of or relating to a system to destroy satellites in orbit
 14: the fifth and highest element after air and earth and fire and water; was believed to be the substance composing all heavenly bodies
 15: relating to or near the ulna
 16: a cavity in the mesoderm of an embryo that gives rise in humans to the pleural cavity and pericardial cavity and peritoneal cavity
 18: a city in southeastern South Korea
 19: molten rock in the earth's crust
 20: attract; cause to be _____ed
 22: a poisonous colorless flammable gas used in organic synthesis and to dope transistors and as a poison gas in warfare
 24: hard fat around the kidneys and loins in beef and sheep
 25: cause to turn on an axis or center
 26: decrease in size, extent, or range
 27: king of Judea who (according to the New Testament) tried to kill Jesus by ordering the death of all children under age two in Bethlehem (73-4 BC)
 29: tie again or anew
 30: realistic Norwegian author who wrote plays on social and political themes (1828-1906)
 32: teach immoral behavior to
 34: raise oneself while hanging from one's hands until one's ____ is level with the support bar
 38: relieve from
 39: biting and grinding food in your mouth so it becomes soft enough to swallow
 41: minute aquatic multicellular organisms having a ciliated wheel-like organ for feeding and locomotion; constituents of freshwater plankton
 43: the leaves of the shrub *Catha edulis* which are chewed like tobacco or used to make tea; has the effect of a euphoric stimulant
 44: push one's way into (a space)
 50: a purplish dye obtained from _____ lichens
 51: feel physical pain
 52: a native or inhabitant of Iran
 53: for or concerned with one specific purpose
 54: yield _____s
 55: a thick and heavy shoe
 56: English economist who advocated the use of government monetary and fiscal policy to maintain full employment without inflation (1883-1946)
 58: the internal counterintelligence agency of the Russian Federation and successor to the



- Soviet KGB; formerly led by Vladimir Putin
 59: Indonesian statesman who obtained the independence of Indonesia from the Netherlands in 1949 and served as president until ousted by Suharto in a coup d'etat (1901-1970)
 60: Flemish painter who was a founder of the Flemish school of painting and who pioneered modern techniques of oil painting (1390-1441)
 62: a paramilitary group of Protestants in Northern Ireland that tries to prevent any political settlement with the Irish Republic; attacks interests of Catholic civilians in Northern Ireland; responsible for arson and bombing and murder
 63: being of the age 13 through 19
 64: stretches of DNA that do not code for genes
 69: the main city of ancient Phoenicia
 71: any of various willows having pliable twigs used in basketry and furniture
 72: try to gain favor by cringing or flattering
 75: (Norse mythology) one of the Aesir having a strong and beautiful body but a dull mind
 80: United States actor and filmmaker (1915-1985)
 82: a capacity unit used for measuring fresh

- herring
 83: a liquid measure (with different values) used in some Spanish speaking countries
 84: United States film actor (born in Hungary) noted for portraying monsters (1884-1956)
 85: either of two muscles in the shoulder region that move the shoulders and arms
 87: wasting of the body during a chronic disease
 88: a fractional monetary unit in Bangladesh and India and Nepal and Pakistan
 89: occupy in an agreeable, entertaining or pleasant fashion
 90: a river in southeastern France; a tributary of the Rhone
 91: a short poem descriptive of rural or pastoral life
 92: go back to bad behavior
 93: a member of a European people who once occupied Britain and Spain and Gaul prior to Roman times

DOWN

- 1: a fixed look with eyes open wide

- 2: weedy annual native to Europe but widely distributed as a weed especially in wheat
- 3: kindly endorsement and guidance
- 4: a sultanate in northwestern Borneo; became independent of Great Britain in 1984
- 5: an enlarged and muscular saclike organ of the alimentary canal; the principal organ of digestion
- 6: (used of rates or prices) reduced usually sharply
- 7: the crease at the junction of the inner part of the thigh with the trunk together with the adjacent region and often including the external genitals
- 8: a person who gives a name or names
- 9: (Greek mythology) the Muse of lyric and love poetry
- 10: type genus of the ____aceae; trees or shrubs having winged fruit
- 11: a Spanish title or form of address for a married woman; similar to the English 'Mrs' or 'madam'
- 12: (of seeds or insects) having winglike extensions
- 13: native to South America; widely cultivated in many varieties
- 14: and others ('et al.' is used as an abbreviation of 'et alii' (masculine plural) or 'et aliae' (feminine plural) or 'et alia' (neuter plural) when referring to a number of people)
- 17: a unifying idea that is a recurrent element in literary or artistic work
- 21: one of several strips across a sail that can be taken in or rolled up to lessen the area of the sail that is exposed to the wind
- 23: a genetically engineered anti-TNF compound (trade name _____) consisting of receptors that bind TNF; it is injected twice a week in the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis
- 28: a chronic skin disease occurring primarily in women between the ages of 20 and 40; characterized by an eruption of red lesions over the cheeks and bridge of the nose
- 31: a title used before the name of knight or baronet
- 33: female sheep
- 34: utter a hoarse sound, like a raven
- 35: a moving crowd
- 36: nervous and unable to relax
- 37: a constitutional monarchy occupying the Japanese Archipelago; a world leader in electronics and automobile manufacture and ship building
- 39: powder from the ground seeds and pods of the _____ tree; used as a chocolate substitute
- 40: a protocol (utilizing TCP) to transfer hypertext requests and information between servers and browsers
- 42: a nervous belligerent little mongrel dog
- 43: a city of southwestern Russia
- 45: a relatively long dagger with a straight blade
- 46: a former English silver coin worth four pennies
- 47: a high wave (often dangerous) caused by tidal flow (as by colliding tidal currents or in a narrow estuary)
- 48: devoid of intelligence
- 49: a fine strong sheer silky fabric made of silk or rayon or nylon
- 51: a fluorocarbon that is replacing chlorofluorocarbon as a refrigerant and propellant in aerosol cans; considered to be somewhat less destructive to the atmosphere
- 55: founder of Buddhism; worshipped as a god (c 563-483 BC)
- 57: a fractional monetary unit of Japan and Indonesia and Cambodia; equal to one hundredth of a yen or rupiah or riel
- 59: start suddenly, as from fright
- 61: noisy talk
- 62: lack of experience and the knowledge and understanding derived from experience
- 64: the jaw in vertebrates that is hinged to open the mouth
- 65: use up (resources or materials)
- 66: large Indian antelope; male is blue-grey with white markings; female is brownish with no horns
- 67: raised pinkish scar tissue at the site of an injury; results from excessive tissue repair
- 68: in fancy clothing
- 69: rise rapidly
- 70: of or relating to the aorta
- 73: of or pertaining to a number system having 8 as its base
- 74: an evergreen tree of the family Ulmaceae that grows in tropical America and Africa and Asia
- 76: wipe out digitally or magnetically recorded information
- 77: Swedish chemist remembered for his invention of dynamite and for the bequest that created the _____ prizes (1833-1896)
- 78: French composer (1890-1962)
- 79: tear down so as to make flat with the ground
- 81: the granitelike rocks that form the outermost layer of the earth's crust; rich in silicon and aluminum
- 86: find out, learn, or determine with certainty, usually by making an inquiry or other effort