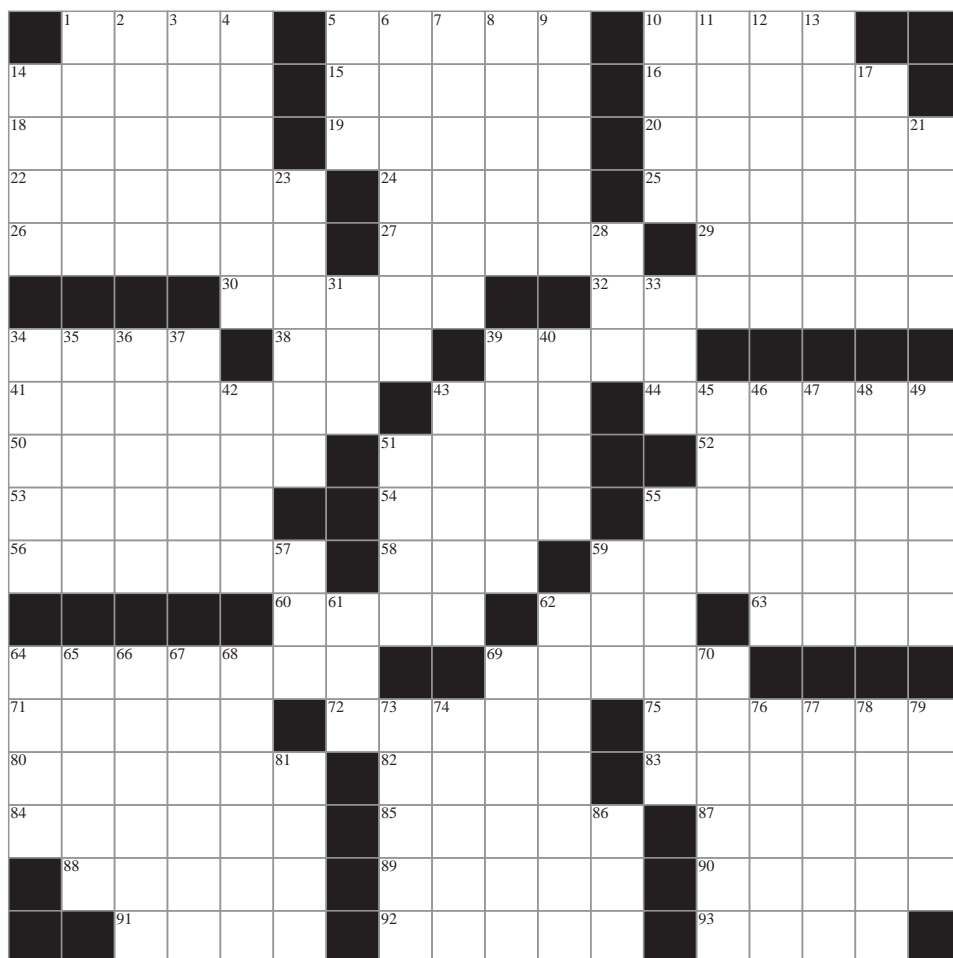


## ACROSS

- 1: (nonstandard in some uses but often idiomatic with measure phrases) fewer
- 5: occurring or encountered or experienced or observed frequently or in accordance with regular practice or procedure
- 10: the sixth month of the civil year; the twelfth month of the ecclesiastic year in the Jewish calendar (in February and March)
- 14: the 2nd longest European river (after the Volga); flows from southwestern Germany to the Black Sea
- 15: the language of the \_\_\_\_\_n people of south central Africa (Zambia and Rhodesia)
- 16: be afraid or scared of; be frightened of
- 18: use up (resources or materials)
- 19: a member of the \_\_\_\_\_ Church
- 20: a person you come to know by frequent friendly correspondence
- 22: a form of torture used by American Indians in which sensitive parts of the body were squeezed between two boards until the victim could bear no more
- 24: an Algerian extremist Islamic offshoot of the Armed Islamic Group; now the largest and most active armed terrorist group in Algeria that seeks to overthrow the government; a major source of support and recruitment for al-Qaeda operations in Europe and northern Africa
- 25: small low-growing annual or perennial herbs of temperate and cool regions
- 26: thrust or extend out
- 27: a warm dry wind that blows down the northern slopes of the Alps
- 29: true mosses: bryophytes having leafy rather than thalloid gametophytes: comprises orders Andreaeales; Bryales; Dicranales; Eubryales; Sphagnales
- 30: a Louisianian descended from Acadian immigrants from Nova Scotia ('Cajun' comes from 'Acadian')
- 32: a person (especially a lawyer or politician) who uses unscrupulous or unethical methods
- 34: a New Testament book describing the development of the early church from Christ's Ascension to Paul's sojourn at Rome
- 38: a unit of length equal to one thousandth of an inch; used to specify thickness (e.g., of sheets or wire)
- 39: a local area network that uses high frequency radio signals to transmit and receive data over distances of a few hundred feet; uses ethernet protocol
- 41: an implement with a shaft and barbed point used for catching fish
- 43: prepare (a metal) for soldering or brazing



- by applying a thin layer of solder to the surface
- 44: a neritid gastropod having a short smooth or spirally ridged shell with thick usually toothed outer lip and toothed operculum
- 50: an immunosuppressive drug (trade name \_\_\_\_\_) used to prevent rejection of a transplanted organ
- 51: a serious (often fatal) disease of the immune system transmitted through blood products especially by sexual contact or contaminated needles
- 52: the basic unit of money in Tunisia
- 53: a rich black loam of India
- 54: change from a liquid to a thickened or solid state
- 55: of unlike parts or organs; growing closely attached
- 56: a unit of information equal to 1000 petabits or  $10^{18}$  bits
- 58: the common gull of Eurasia and northeastern North America
- 59: a conical fishnet dragged through the water at great depths
- 60: ride (on) a \_\_\_\_\_
- 62: slang for sexual intercourse
- 63: (used especially of vegetation) having lost

- all moisture
- 64: a short nose; flattened and turned up at the end
- 69: type genus of the Felidae: true cats and most wildcats
- 71: (computer science) a read-only memory chip that can be erased by ultraviolet light and programmed again with new data
- 72: a burial chamber (usually underground)
- 75: speak in a nasal voice
- 80: spaced apart
- 82: pompous or pretentious talk or writing
- 83: exultantly proud and joyful; in high spirits
- 84: a river of central Italy; flows through Rome to the Tyrrhenian Sea
- 85: use up (resources or materials)
- 87: in or to a place that is higher
- 88: income from capital investment paid in a series of regular payments
- 89: make (somebody) laugh
- 90: a soldier of the American Revolution whose troops helped capture Fort Ticonderoga from the British (1738-1789)
- 91: indicating the most important performer or role
- 92: a Nilotic language

93: any place of pain and turmoil

## DOWN

1: commonly used diuretic (trade name \_\_\_\_\_) used to treat hypertension and edema  
2: the Uralic language spoken by the Yeniseian  
3: fry briefly over high heat  
4: street names for ketamine  
5: sun god; counterpart of Akkadian Shamash  
6: richly melodious  
7: (music) two or more sounds or tones at the same pitch or in octaves  
8: (Christian theology) the love of God or Christ for mankind  
9: catch for fastening a door or gate; a bar that can be lowered or slid into a groove  
10: a system of one or more computers and associated software with common storage  
11: lacking spirit or liveliness  
12: Celtic god of love and beauty; patron deity of young men and women  
13: someone who forces another to have sexual intercourse  
14: a British peer of the highest rank  
17: an artistic form of nonverbal communication  
21: the habitation of wild animals  
23: a soft cotton or worsted fabric with an open mesh; used for curtains or clothing etc.  
28: an independent agency of the federal government responsible for the promotion of progress in science and engineering by supporting programs in research and education  
31: a device that holds a piece of machine work and guides the tools operating on it  
33: ancient Hebrew unit of liquid measure = 1.5 gallons  
34: lighted up by or as by fire or flame  
35: type genus of the Cimicidae: bedbugs  
36: hemlock; hemlock fir; hemlock spruce  
37: a low woody perennial plant usually having several major stems  
39: a woman whose husband is dead especially one who has not remarried  
40: in or of the present month  
42: cassava with long tuberous edible roots and soft brittle stems; used especially to make cassiri (an intoxicating drink) and tapioca  
43: covered or furnished with tiles  
45: either of two distinct works in Old Icelandic dating from the late 13th century and consisting of 34 mythological and heroic ballads composed between 800 and 1200; the primary source for Scandinavian mythology  
46: gymnastic apparatus consisting of a pair of heavy metal circles (usually covered with leather) suspended by ropes; used for

gymnastic exercises  
47: devoid of intelligence  
48: an edible tuber native to South America; a staple food of Ireland  
49: a sharp narrow ridge found in rugged mountains  
51: the highest point (of something)  
55: a poisonous colorless flammable gas used in organic synthesis and to dope transistors and as a poison gas in warfare  
57: syndrome resulting from a serious acute (sometimes fatal) infection associated with the presence of staphylococcus; characterized by fever and diarrhea and nausea and diffuse erythema and shock; occurs especially in menstruating women using highly absorbent tampons  
59: a generic name for digital lines that are provided by telephone companies to their local subscribers and that carry data at high speeds  
61: the basic unit of money in Bulgaria  
62: fool's parsley  
64: any unwanted and destructive insect or other animal that attacks food or crops or livestock etc.  
65: the topmost one of two  
66: English writer known for his interest in mythology and in the classics (1895-1985)  
67: having a tendency to cause harm  
68: a code of silence practiced by the Mafia; a refusal to give evidence to the police about criminal activities  
69: a reflex that expels intestinal gas through the anus  
70: the second pillar of Islam is prayer; a prescribed liturgy performed five times a day (preferably in a mosque) and oriented toward Mecca  
73: at right angles to the length of a ship or airplane  
74: the body of Mullahs (Muslim scholars trained in Islam and Islamic law) who are the interpreters of Islam's sciences and doctrines and laws and the chief guarantors of continuity in the spiritual and intellectual history of the Islamic community  
76: the expensive dark brown fur of the marten  
77: an island consisting of a circular coral reef surrounding a lagoon  
78: having a surface without slope, tilt in which no part is higher or lower than another  
79: any place of complete bliss and delight and peace  
81: distinguished from Bovidae by the male's having solid deciduous antlers  
86: United States architect (born in China in 1917)